

Misbranding of the article was alleged for the reason that the statement appearing in the labeling, "Pure Candies * * * Choc. Cream," was false and misleading and deceived and misled the purchaser, and for the further reason that the article was offered for sale under the distinctive name of another article.

On April 28, 1924, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

HOWARD M. GORE, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

12317. Adulteration and misbranding of chocolate coating. U. S. v. 14 Cases of Ice Pole Chocolate Coating. Decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 18618. I. S. No. 15338-v. S. No. E-4819.)

On April 24, 1924, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 14 cases, 100 pounds each, of Ice Pole chocolate coating remaining in the original unbroken packages at Boston, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped by F. Bischoff, Inc., from Ballston Spa, N. Y., on or about November 8, 1923, and transported from the State of New York into the State of Massachusetts, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "F. Bischoff, Inc. Manufacturers Of Pure High Grade Cocoa & Chocolate Ballston Spa, N. Y."

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that a substance, foreign fat, had been mixed and packed therewith so as to reduce, lower, and injuriously affect its quality and strength and had been substituted wholly or in part for the said article.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statements appearing in the labeling, "Manufacturers Of Pure High Grade Cocoa & Chocolate * * * Ice Pole Coating," were false and misleading and deceived and misled the purchaser, and for the further reason that the article was offered for sale under the distinctive name of another article.

On April 28, 1924, F. Bischoff, Inc., Boston, Mass., having entered an appearance as claimant for the property and having filed a satisfactory bond in conformity with section 10 of the act, judgment of condemnation was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product might be released to said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings.

HOWARD M. GORE, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

12318. Adulteration of frozen eggs. U. S. v. 16 Cases of Frozen Eggs. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 18166. I. S. No. 15799-v. S. No. E-4644.)

On December 14, 1923, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 16 cases, each containing 2 30-pound tins of frozen eggs, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Bell-Jones Co. from Davenport, Iowa, November 16, 1923, and transported from the State of Iowa into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that the article consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On April 30, 1924, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

HOWARD M. GORE, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

12319. Adulteration of coloring matter. U. S. v. 1 Can of Colorine (Coloring) Matter. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 13071. I. S. No. 9359-r. S. No. C-2053.)

On July 27, 1920, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 1 can of colorine (coloring) matter, at Seward, Nebr., alleging that the article had been shipped by the W. B. Wood Mfg. Co. from St. Louis, Mo., on